### Case 2:21-cv-00953@PWYL Coopyrept \$HFile 03/01/21 Page 1 of 21

The JS 44 civil cover sheet and the information contained herein neither replace nor supplement the filing and service of pleadings or other papers as required by law, except as provided by local rules of court. This form, approved by the Judicial Conference of the United States in September 1974, is required for the use of the Clerk of Court for the purpose of initiating the civil docket sheet. (SEE INSTRUCTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF THIS FORM.)

purpose of initiating the civil de	ocket sheet. (SEE INSTRUC	CTIONS ON NEXT PAGE OF			
(a) PLAINTIFFS			DEFENDANT	S	
ARCARE, INC.,	on behalf of itself a	nd all others simila	ırly TTF PHARMA,	INC.	
situated					
(b) County of Residence of	of First Listed Plaintiff V	Voodruff, AR	County of Residenc	e of First Listed Defendant	Chester, PA
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			NOTE: IN LAND C	ONDEMNATION CASES, USE T OF LAND INVOLVED.	THE LOCATION OF
(c) Attorneys (Firm Name, A	Address, and Telephone Numbe	er)	Attorneys (If Known	)	
KENNETH J. GI	RUNFELD, ESQUIR	RE,1835 Market			
Street, Suite 290	00 Phila, PA 19103	Tel: (215) 985-917	77		
II. BASIS OF JURISD			II. CITIZENSHIP OF F		(Place an "X" in One Box for Plaintif
1 U.S. Government	× 3 Federal Question		(For Diversity Cases Only,	PTF DEF	and One Box for Defendant) PTF DEF
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2 U.S. Government	4 Diversity		Citizen of Another State	2	d Principal Place X 5 5
Defendant		ip of Parties in Item III)	0.11.25.11.01.11.01.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.10.		Another State
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IV. NATURE OF SUIT	(Place an "X" in One Roy O	n/v)		Click here for: Nature of	Suit Code Descriptions.
CONTRACT		ORTS	FORFEITURE/PENALTY	BANKRUPTCY	OTHER STATUTES
110 Insurance	PERSONAL INJURY	PERSONAL INJURY	625 Drug Related Seizure	422 Appeal 28 USC 158	375 False Claims Act
120 Marine	310 Airplanc	365 Personal Injury -	of Property 21 USC 881	423 Withdrawal	376 Qui Tam (31 USC 3729(a))
130 Miller Act 140 Negotiable Instrument	315 Airplane Product Liability	Product Liability  367 Health Care/	690 Other	28 USC 157	400 State Reapportionment
150 Recovery of Overpayment	320 Assault, Libel &	Pharmaceutical		PROPERTY RIGHTS	410 Antitrust
& Enforcement of Judgment		Personal Injury		820 Copyrights	430 Banks and Banking
151 Medicare Act 152 Recovery of Defaulted	330 Federal Employers' Liability	Product Liability  368 Asbestos Personal		830 Patent 835 Patent - Abbreviated	450 Commerce 460 Deportation
Student Loans	340 Marine	Injury Product		New Drug Application	n 470 Racketeer Influenced and
(Excludes Veterans)	345 Marine Product	Liability		840 Trademark	Corrupt Organizations 480 Consumer Credit
153 Recovery of Overpayment of Veteran's Benefits	Liability 350 Motor Vehicle	PERSONAL PROPERT	Y LABOR 710 Fair Labor Standards	880 Defend Trade Secrets Act of 2016	(15 USC 1681 or 1692)
160 Stockholders' Suits	355 Motor Vehicle	371 Truth in Lending	Act		× 485 Telephone Consumer
190 Other Contract	Product Liability	380 Other Personal	720 Labor/Management	SOCIAL SECURITY	Protection Act
195 Contract Product Liability	360 Other Personal	Property Damage  385 Property Damage	Relations 740 Railway Labor Act	861 HIA (1395ff) 862 Black Lung (923)	490 Cable/Sat TV 850 Securities/Commodities/
196 Franchise	Injury 362 Personal Injury -	Product Liability	751 Family and Medical	863 DIWC/DIWW (405(g	
	Medical Malpractice	·	Leave Act	864 SSID Title XVI	890 Other Statutory Actions
REAL PROPERTY 210 Land Condemnation	440 Other Civil Rights	PRISONER PETITIONS	790 Other Labor Litigation 791 Employee Retirement	865 RSI (405(g))	891 Agricultural Acts 893 Environmental Matters
220 Forcelosure	441 Voting	Habeas Corpus:	Income Security Act	FEDERAL TAX SUITS	895 Freedom of Information
230 Rent Lease & Ejectment	442 Employment	510 Motions to Vacate		870 Taxes (U.S. Plaintiff	Act
240 Torts to Land	443 Housing/	Sentence		or Defendant) 871 IRS—Third Party	896 Arbitration 899 Administrative Procedure
245 Tort Product Liability 290 All Other Real Property	Accommodations 445 Amer. w/Disabilities -	530 General 535 Death Penalty	IMMIGRATION	26 USC 7609	Act/Review or Appeal of
250 7th Other Real Property	Employment	Other:	462 Naturalization Application	n	Agency Decision
	446 Amer. w/Disabilities -		465 Other Immigration Actions		950 Constitutionality of State Statutes
	Other 448 Education	550 Civil Rights 555 Prison Condition	Actions		State Statutes
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VI. CAUSE OF ACTION	ON 47 U.S.C. § 227 and 4				
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VII. REQUESTED IN		IS A CLASS ACTION	DEMAND \$	CHECK YES on	ly if demanded in complaint:
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## Case 2:21-cv-00953470770 TOTEL Page 2 of 21 FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

#### **DESIGNATION FORM**

(to be used by counsel or pro se plaintiff to indicate the category of the case for the purpose of assignment to the appropriate calendar)

Address of Plaintiff: ARcare Corporate Heado	uarters 119 S 2nd St, Augusta, AR 72006
Address of Defendant: ITF PHARMA, INC.,	350 Cassatt Rd #350, Berwyn, PA 19312
Place of Accident, Incident or Transaction:	
Place of Accident, including of Transaction,	
RELATED CASE, IF ANY:	
Case Number: Judge:	Date Terminated:
Civil cases are deemed related when <i>Yes</i> is answered to any of the follow	
<ol> <li>Is this case related to property included in an earlier numbered suit previously terminated action in this court?</li> </ol>	
2. Does this case involve the same issue of fact or grow out of the sam pending or within one year previously terminated action in this cour	transaction as a prior suit Yes No
3. Does this case involve the validity or infringement of a patent alread numbered case pending or within one year previously terminated ac	y in suit or any earlier Yes No No No
4. Is this case a second or successive habeas corpus, social security appears filed by the same individual?	
I certify that, to my knowledge, the within case $\square$ is $/ \square$ is not relative court except as noted above.	ed to any case now pending or within one year previously terminated action in
DATE	Must sign here  Law / Pro Se Plaintiff Attorney I.D. # (if applicable)
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CIVIL: (Place a √ in one category only)	
CIVIL: (Place a √ in one category only)  A. Federal Question Cases:	B. Diversity Jurisdiction Cases:
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A. Federal Question Cases:  1. Indemnity Contract, Marine Contract, and All Other Contracts 2. FELA 3. Jones Act-Personal Injury 4. Antitrust 5. Patent 6. Labor-Management Relations 7. Civil Rights 9. Securities Act(s) Cases 10. Social Security Review Cases 11. All other Federal Question Cases (Please specify):  TCPA  ARBITR  (The effect of this certification is exceed the sum of \$150,000.00 exclusive of interest and costs: Relief other than monetary damages is sought.	1. Insurance Contract and Other Contracts 2. Airplane Personal Injury 3. Assault, Defamation 4. Marine Personal Injury 5. Motor Vehicle Personal Injury 6. Other Personal Injury (Please specify): 7. Products Liability 8. Products Liability – Asbestos 9. All other Diversity Cases (Please specify):  ATION CERTIFICATION to remove the case from eligibility for arbitration.)  se plaintiff, do hereby certify:

### IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

ARCARE, INC., on behalf of itself and all others similarly situated,

Plaintiff.

v.

ITF PHARMA, INC.,

Defendant.

Case No.: TO BE ASSIGNED

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT** 

DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Plaintiff ARcare, Inc. ("Plaintiff"), on behalf of itself and all others similarly situated, brings this Complaint against ITF Pharma, Inc. ("ITF" or "Defendant"), for violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act. Plaintiff seeks certification of its claims against Defendant as a class action. In support, Plaintiff states as follows:

#### INTRODUCTION

- 1. This case challenges Defendant's policy and practice of faxing unsolicited advertisements. In or around April 2020, Defendant faxed an unsolicited and unwanted advertisement to Plaintiff which is attached as Exhibit A.
- 2. Congress enacted the Telephone Consumer Protection Act ("TCPA"), 47 U.S.C. § 227, to regulate the fast-growing expansion of the telemarking industry. As is pertinent here, the TCPA and its implementing regulations prohibit persons within the United States from sending unsolicited advertisements via fax.
- 3. Junk faxes disrupt recipients' peace; drain recipients' paper, ink, and toner; and cause recipients tangible damages. Junk faxes also cause recipients to waste valuable time retrieving and discerning the purpose of the faxes, prevent fax machines from receiving and

sending authorized faxes, and cause undue wear and tear on recipients' fax machines. Plaintiff offers clinical and pharmaceutical services and must use its fax machine to receive communications about patients, including vital information such as prescriptions and insurance information. That purpose is impeded when Plaintiff's fax machine is invaded by junk faxes. As recognized by Congress in enacting the TCPA, junk faxes are a significant problem interfering with modern commerce. As discussed below, this is particularly true for healthcare providers like ARcare, which still rely significantly on faxes to communicate vital information about patients such as prescriptions and insurance information.

4. ARcare is a healthcare provider that was established in 1986. ARcare provides medical and pharmacy services through its more than thirty locations, which are primarily in rural areas in Arkansas. ARcare operates family practices, specialized medical care such as cardiology and chronic disease treatment, dental practices, and pharmacies. As a medical provider, ARcare relies upon fax machines to operate and provide services to its patients. ARcare conservatively estimates that it receives several thousand unwanted and unsolicited faxes each year. ARcare must wade through dozens of unsolicited faxes from pharmaceutical and other companies selling their products to find vital incoming faxes, such as prescription refills and insurance authorizations. It was this harm that Congress recognized in passing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 227 ("TCPA").<sup>1</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Unsolicited advertising is beginning to clog fax lines, restricting the owners' ability to use their machines for the purposes they originally bought them for and generating operating costs the users can't control. Unlike junk mail, which can be discarded, or solicitation phone calls, which can be refused or hung up, junk fax ties up the recipient's line until it has been received and printed. The recipient's machine is unavailable for business and he or she incurs the high cost for supplies before knowing whether the message is either wanted or needed." 135 Cong. Rec. E 1462 (May 2, 1989, statement of Rep. Edward Markey, 101 Cong.) Representative Markey further testified: "To quote an article from the Washington Post, 'receiving junk fax is like getting junk mail with postage due.' Succinctly put, using a facsimile machine to send unsolicited advertising not only

- 5. The TCPA provides a private right of action and statutory damages of \$500 per violation, which may be trebled when the violation is willing or knowing.
- 6. On behalf of itself and all others similarly situated, Plaintiff brings this case under the TCPA to recover declaratory relief, damages for violations of the TCPA, and an injunction prohibiting Defendant from future TCPA violations.

#### JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 7. This Court has subject matter jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1331 as the claims alleged herein arise under the Telephone Consumer Protection Act, 47 U.S.C. § 277.
- 8. This Court has general personal jurisdiction over Defendant because its principal place of business is in Berwyn, Pennsylvania.
- 9. Venue in this district is proper because it is where Defendant's principal place of business is located.

#### **PARTIES**

- 10. Plaintiff ARcare is an Arkansas non-profit corporation located in Augusta, Arkansas.
- 11. Defendant is a corporation formed under the laws of the State of Delaware and which has its principal place of business in Berwyn, Pennsylvania. Defendant describes itself as having a "main emphasis . . . on sales and marketing of neurology, women's health and urology products." ITF has two divisions, Womens Choice Pharmaceuticals and Edwards Pharmaceuticals. Via its Womens Choice Pharmaceuticals division, ITF sells a variety of

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shifts costs from the advertiser to the recipient, but keeps an important business machine from being used for its intended purpose." 136 Cong. R. H 5818 (July 30, 1990), 101<sup>st</sup> Cong. 2<sup>nd</sup> Sess., statement of Rep. Markey, p. 5).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://itfpharma.com/what-we-do/ (last visited 2/25/2021).

prescription drugs including NestabsONE, NestabsDHA, Nestabs, Irospan 24/6, Urogesic Blue, Fem PH and ProCort.

#### **FACTS**

- 12. On or around April 24, 2020, Defendant sent a three-page unsolicited advertisement to Plaintiff's ink-and-paper facsimile machine located in Arkansas. The fax advertised the commercial availability of Defendant's products, NestabsONE, NestabsDHA, Nestabs, Irospan 24/6, Urogesic Blue, Fem pH, and ProCort (collectively, the "Products"). A copy of this facsimile is attached hereto and marked as Exhibit A.
- 13. The first page of the fax is a letter on ITF Pharma letterhead addressed "To all pharmacist, pharmacy techs and staff:" The faxed letter states:
  - "As a healthcare professional who treats people with conditions addressed by our product portfolio, ITF knows that you are committed to providing your patients with the highest standard of care during this viral outbreak."
  - "ITF Pharma is dedicated to providing support and services for patients. Our portfolio of products will continue to be available at local pharmacies and wholesalers."
  - "Attached to this fax are copies of the vouchers your patients receive from their medical providers or download from our website at <a href="www.wcpharma.com">www.wcpharma.com</a>. The coupons on this attachment are for you to keep and run as a secondary on your patient prescriptions. The numbers are universal and can be used for all of your patients and have unlimited refills."
  - "Your insured covered patients can receive up to 30 Urogesic Blue tablets for no more than \$30 with the coupon. Your cash pay patients will pay \$50 for the same

30 tabs. Procort is \$50 for a 60 gram tube for your insured covered patients and \$75 for cash payers. FemPH is \$35 for a 50 gram tube for insured covered and \$50 for cash pay."

• "If you have any questions please do to (sic) hesitate to reach out to me."

#### Ex. A.

14. This letter was signed by Scott Kennedy, and includes an email address, phone number and a link to the website <a href="www.wcpharma.com">www.wcpharma.com</a>. Based upon information and belief, Scott Kennedy is a Sales Representative at ITF Pharma/Women's Choice Pharmaceuticals. See Exhibit B, a LinkedIn profile of Scott Kennedy. Mr. Kennedy describes himself and his job as:

I am a growth-focused and service-oriented Sales Representative with expertise in developing sales strategies, presenting products in a competitive manner, and building brand trust to achieve high business retention. I centralize focus on obtaining high conversion rates, upselling, and adding value to customer purchases. I am a clear communicator able to conduct consultations, identify customers' needs, and connect them with quality products. I am also skilled in tracking revenue growth, planning territory routes, drafting documentation, and utilizing solutions-based problem-solving.

#### Ex. B.

- 15. Page two of the fax is a "Pharmacy Fact Sheet" which describes the like, kind and quality of the various drugs offered for sale by ITF. It includes product logos, production information, and the manner in which the product is supplied (*i.e.* carton contains 4 blister cards containing 30 tables (24 light blue tablets and 6 white tablets)).
- 16. Page three of the fax attaches coupons for ITF products and states, "Pay No More Than \$30" for Urogesic Blue; "Instant Savings Pay No More than \$50" for ProCort; "INSTANT SAVINGS" and "Pay No More Than \$35" for NestabsDHA, Nestabs, NestabsONE, FemPH and Irospan 24/6.

- 17. Upon information and belief, Plaintiff has received multiple fax advertisements from Defendant similar to Exhibit A. The majority of junk faxes received by ARcare, similar to those received by all Class Members, are immediately thrown into the trash. Accordingly, not all faxes received by ARcare during the statutory period have been retained. Exhibit A is similar to these additional faxes, because upon information and belief, Defendant sent additional unsolicited faxes advertising its products but not necessarily these *exact* faxes.
- 18. The TCPA defines an "advertisement" as "any material advertising the commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services." 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(5); see also 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(f)(1) (providing "[t]he term advertisement means any material advertising the commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services."). "A fax is an advertisement as long as some portion of the fax advertises the commercial availability of a good or service." KHS Corp. v. Singer Fin. Corp., 376 F. Supp. 3d 524, 528 (E.D. Pa. 2019). Expanding on these definitions, the FCC has stated that "[o]ffers for free goods or services that are part of an overall marketing campaign to sell property, goods, or services constitute 'advertising the commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services." Rules & Regulations Implementing the Telephone Consumer Protection Act of 1991, 18 FCC Rcd. 14014 at ¶ 140 (July 3, 2003).
- 19. The Third Circuit has ruled that a fax can be construed as an advertisement if it encourages the recipient to use the product more, even where the recipient does not generally purchase the product advertised. In determining the parameters of what is and isn't an advertisement under the TCPA, the court contemplated this type of scenario: "A classic example would be a fax encouraging doctors to prescribe a certain drug more often, even though patients

not doctors normally purchase drugs." Robert Mauthe, M.D., P.C. v. Nat'l Imaging Assocs., 767 Fed. Appx. 246, 250 n.3 (3d Cir. 2019).

20. Defendant did not have Plaintiff's prior express invitation or permission to send advertisements to Plaintiff's fax machine.

#### **CLASS ALLEGATIONS**

21. In accordance with Fed R. Civ. P. 23(b)(3), Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of the following class of persons (the "Class"):

All persons and entities who held telephone numbers that received one or more telephone facsimile transmissions that promoted the commercial availability or quality of property, goods, or services offered by ITF Pharma, Inc.

- 22. Plaintiff reserves the right to modify or amend the definition of the proposed Class before the Court determines whether certification is proper, as more information is gleaned in discovery.
- 23. Excluded from the Class are Defendant, any parent, subsidiary, affiliate, or controlled person of Defendant, as well as the officers, directors, agents, servants, or employees of Defendant and the immediate family members of any such person. Also excluded are any judge who may preside over this case and any attorneys representing Plaintiff or the Class.
- 24. <u>Numerosity</u>. The Members of the Class are so numerous that joinder is impractical. Upon information and belief, Defendant has sent illegal fax advertisements to hundreds if not thousands of other recipients.
- 25. <u>Commonality</u>. Common questions of law and fact apply to the claims of all Class Members and include (but are not limited to) the following:
  - (a) Whether Defendant sent faxes advertising the commercial availability of property, goods, or services;

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- (b) The manner and method Defendant used to compile or obtain the list of fax numbers to which it sent Exhibit A as well as other fax advertisements;
- (c) Whether Defendant faxed advertisements without first obtaining the recipient's prior express permission or invitation;
- (d) Whether Defendant sent the fax advertisements knowingly or willfully;
- (e) Whether Defendant violated 47 U.S.C. § 227;
- (f) Whether Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to actual and/or statutory damages;
- (g) Whether the Court should award treble damages; and
- (h) Whether Plaintiff and the other Class Members are entitled to declaratory, injunctive, and/or other equitable relief.
- 26. <u>Typicality</u>. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of all Class Members. Plaintiff received an unsolicited fax advertisement from Defendant during the Class Period. Plaintiff makes the same claims that it makes for the Class Members and seeks the same relief that it seeks for the Class Members. Defendant has acted in the same manner toward Plaintiff and all Class Members.
- 27. <u>Fair and Adequate Representation</u>. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of the Class. It is interested in this matter, has no conflicts, and has retained experienced class counsel to represent the Class. Counsel for plaintiffs have agreed, consistent with the Pennsylvania Rules of Professional Conduct, specifically Rule 1.8(e)(1), to advance the court costs and expenses of litigation on their behalf, contingent on the outcome of this litigation.
- 28. <u>Predominance and Superiority</u>. For the following reasons, common questions of law and fact predominate, and a class action is superior to other methods of adjudication:
  - (a) Proof of Plaintiff's claims will also prove the claims of the Class without the need for separate or individualized proceedings;
  - (b) Evidence regarding defenses or any exceptions to liability that Defendant may assert will come from Defendant's records and will not require individualized or separate inquiries or proceedings;

- (c) Defendant has acted and continues to act pursuant to common policies or practices in the same or similar manner with respect to all Class Members;
- (d) The amount likely to be recovered by individual Members of the Class does not support individual litigation. A class action will permit a large number of relatively small claims involving virtually identical facts and legal issues to be resolved efficiently in one proceeding based on common proof;
- (e) This case is inherently well-suited to class treatment in that:
  - (i) Defendant identified persons or entities to receive its fax transmissions, and it is believed that Defendant's computer and business records will enable Plaintiff to readily identify Class Members and establish liability and damages;
  - (ii) Common proof can establish Defendant's liability and the damages owed to Plaintiff and the Class;
  - (iii) Statutory damages are provided for in the statutes and are the same for all Class Members and can be calculated in the same or a similar manner;
  - (iv) A class action will result in an orderly and expeditious administration of claims, and it will foster economies of time, effort, and expense;
  - (v) A class action will contribute to uniformity of decisions concerning Defendant's practices; and
  - (vi) As a practical matter, the claims of the Class are likely to go unaddressed absent class certification.

#### **CLAIM FOR RELIEF**

#### **COUNT I**

## Violations of the Telephone Consumer Protection Act 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(C) and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(a)(4)

- 29. Plaintiff hereby incorporates by reference each of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.
- 30. The TCPA provides strict liability for sending fax advertisements in a manner that does not comply with the statute. Recipients of fax advertisements have a private right of action to

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seek an injunction or damages for violations of the TCPA and its implementing regulations. 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(3).

- 31. The TCPA makes it unlawful to send any "unsolicited advertisement" via fax unless certain conditions are present. 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(C). "Unsolicited advertisement" is defined as "any material advertising the commercial availability or quality of any property, goods, or services which is transmitted to any person without that person's prior express invitation or permission, in writing or otherwise." 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(5).
- 32. Unsolicited faxes are illegal if the sender and recipient do not have an "established business relationship." 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(C)(i). "Established business relationship" is defined as "a prior or existing relationship formed by a voluntary two-way communication between a person or entity and a business or residential subscriber with or without an exchange of consideration, on the basis of an inquiry, application, purchase or transaction by the business or residential subscriber regarding products or services offered by such person or entity, which relationship has not been previously terminated by either party." 47 U.S.C. § 227(a)(2); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(f)(6).
- Regardless of whether the sender and recipient have an established business relationship, a faxed advertisement is illegal unless it includes an opt-out notice on its first page that complies with the TCPA's requirements. See 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(C)(iii); 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(a)(4)(iv). To comply with the law, an opt-out notice must (1) inform the recipient that the recipient may opt out of receiving future faxes by contacting the sender; (2) provide both a domestic telephone number and a facsimile machine number—one of which must be cost-free—that the recipient may contact to opt out of future faxes; and (3) inform the recipient that the

sender's failure to comply with an opt-out request within thirty days is a violation of law. See 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(2)(D); 47 CFR § 64.1200(a)(4)(iii).

- 34. Defendant faxed unsolicited advertisements to Plaintiff in violation of 47 U.S.C. § 227(b)(1)(C) and 47 C.F.R. § 64.1200(a)(4).
- 35. Defendant knew or should have known (a) that Plaintiff had not given express invitation or permission for Defendant to fax advertisements about its products; and (b) that Exhibit A is an advertisement.
- 36. Defendant's actions caused actual damage to Plaintiff and the Class Members. Defendant's junk faxes caused Plaintiff and the Class Members to lose paper, toner, and ink consumed in the printing of Defendant's faxes through Plaintiff's and the Class Members' fax machines. Defendant's faxes cost Plaintiff and the Class Members time that otherwise would have been spent on Plaintiff's and the Class Members' business activities.
- 37. In addition to statutory damages (and the trebling thereof), Plaintiff and the Class are entitled to declaratory and injunctive relief under the TCPA.

#### REQUEST FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE Plaintiff, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, respectfully requests that this Court:

- a) Determine that this action may be maintained as a class action under Fed. R. Civ. P 23;
  - b) Declare Defendant's conduct to be unlawful under the TCPA;
- c) Award damages under the TCPA for each violation in the amount of actual monetary loss or \$500, whichever is greater, and treble those damages;
  - d) Enjoin Defendant from additional violations;
  - e) Award Plaintiff and the Class their attorney's fees and costs;

f) Grant such other legal and equitable relief as the Court may deem appropriate, including costs and attorney's fees.

#### **JURY DEMAND**

Plaintiff and the Members of the Class hereby request a trial by jury.

Date: March 1, 2021

Respectfully submitted,

By:

KENNETH J. GRUNFELD, ESQUIRE GOLOMB & HONIK, P.C.

PA Identification No.: 84121 1835 Market Street, Suite 2900

Philadelphia, PA 19103 Tel: (215) 985-9177 Fax: (215) 985-4169

kgrunfeld@golombhonik.com

Randall K. Pulliam (to apply *pro hac vice*) CARNEY BATES & PULLIAM, PLLC

519 West 7th St. Little Rock, AR 72201

Telephone: 501.312.8500 Facsimile: 501.312.8505 rpulliam@cbplaw.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff

# EXHIBIT "A"







PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Product	Nestabs® ONE
How Supplied	Bottle of 3D softgel capsules
NDC#	50967-410-30

nem numbers	
AmerisourceBergen	
Cardinal	5393111
McKesson	3706702
HD Smith	5682869
HEB	
Morris & Dickson	059618



PRODUC	CT INFORMATION
Product	Nestabs DHA
How Supplied	Carton contains 6 blister cards containing 5 tablets and 5 softgel capsules
NDC#	50967-317-30

ltem Numbers
AmerisourceBergen 10092099
Cardinal4372983
McKesson 1932466
HD Smith 2434157
Kinray 551-663
Belico
Smith Drug 542977
HEB 255652
Morris & Dickson



PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Product	Nestabs**
How Supplied	Bottle of 90
NDC#	50967-219-90

tem Numbers	
vnerispurceBergen	
Carrinel	
AcKesson	
ID Smìth 2434155	
Sinray 551-838	
Bell∞	
Smith Drug	
Aortis & Dickson 865345	
RDC 10668291	



Carton contains

4 blister cards

containing 30

50967-126-30

tablets (24 light

blue tablets and 6 white tablets)

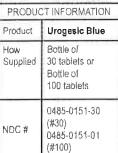
Praduct

Supplied

How

NDC#





Sem & p.71
PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Product	Fem pH™
How Supplied	50g Tube with Fem pH applicator
NDC#	00813-0799-55

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d'a

PRODUCT INFORMATION	
Product	ProCort®
How Supplied	Each ProCort <sup>®</sup> Kit Contains (1) 60g tube and (15) Disposable Tapered Applicators
NDC#	50967-357-60

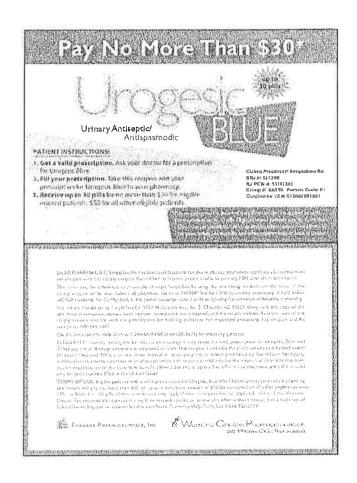
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Kinray		592-642
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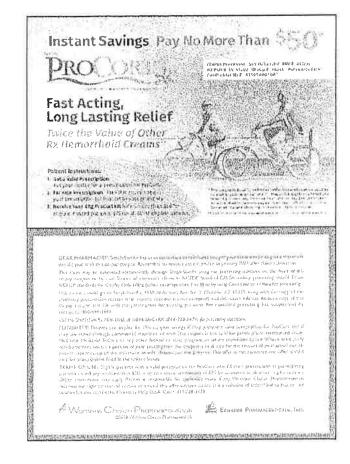
	4
Item Numbers (#30)	
AmerisourceBergen 10148494	1
Cardinal 5058278	ò
McKesson 3244488	3
HD Smith	3
Morris & Dickson 186778	j
Smith Drug	2
Item Numbers (#100)	
AmarisourceBergen, 10090139	}
Cardinal	7
McKesson 1616523	
HD Smith	g
Morris & Dickson	3

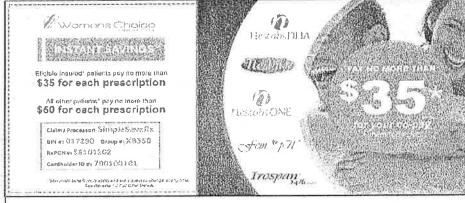
Smith Drug. 523803

041942
904134
245307
604410
559351
135434
668283
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item Numbers	
AmerisaurceBergen 1	
Cardinal	4489407
McKesson	2183085
HD Smith	2495109
Kinray	586-032
Belloo	. 438791
Morris & Dickson	865428
Smith Drug.	626929







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To all pharmacist, pharmacy techs and staff:

To reduce the possibility of person-to-person transmission of COVID-19, ITF Pharma has suspended live meetings with healthcare professionals and pharmacies until further notice. As a healthcare professional who treats people with conditions addressed by our product portfolio, ITF knows that you are committed to providing your patients with the highest standard of care during this viral outbreak.

ITF Pharma is dedicated to providing support and services for patients. Our portfolio of products will continue to be available at local pharmacies and wholesalers so your patients will have uninterrupted access to their therapy.

Attached to this fax are copies of the vouchers your patients receive from their medical providers or download from our website at <a href="www.wcpharma.com">www.wcpharma.com</a>
The coupons on this attachment are for you to keep and run as a secondary on your patient prescriptions. The numbers are universal and can be used for all of your patients and have unlimited refills.

Your insured covered patients can receive up to 30 Urogesic Blue tablets for no more than \$30 with the coupon. Your cash pay patients will pay \$50 for the same 30 tabs.

Procort is \$50 for a 60 gram tube for your insured covered patients and \$75 for cash payers.

FemPH is \$35 for a 50 gr tube for insured covered and \$50 for cash pay.

I hope this is helpful for you and your patients. If you have any questions please do to hesitate to reach out to me. Thank you and stay healthy.

Sincerely, Scott Kennedy skennedy@itfpharma.com 215-384-5748 www.wcpharma.com

# EXHIBIT "B"



See of

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**VERIFICATION** 

KENNETH J. GRUNFELD, ESQUIRE, hereby states that he is counsel for plaintiffs in

this action and verifies that the statements made in the foregoing Civil Action Complaint are true

and correct to the best of his knowledge, information and belief and that this verification is made

with the knowledge, permission and consent of plaintiffs. Counsel takes this verification for the

purpose of assuring the timely filing of this pleading. The verification of the party-plaintiff will

be substituted at a later date. The undersigned understands that the statements therein are made

subject to penalties of 18 Pa. C.S.A. Section 4904 relating to unsworn falsification to authorities.

**GOLOMB & HONIK** 

BY:

KENNETH J. GRUNFELD, ESQUIRE

Counsel for Plaintiff and the Proposed Class

Date: March 1, 2021